# The weekly Coronavirus (COVID-19) surveillance report for Wirral

## Week ending: Friday 4th December 2020

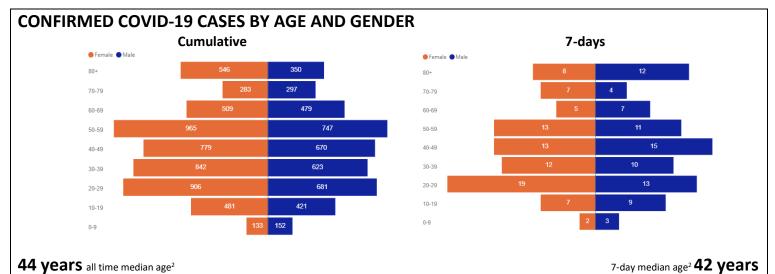
cumulative data from:

rates are increasing at a greater speed.

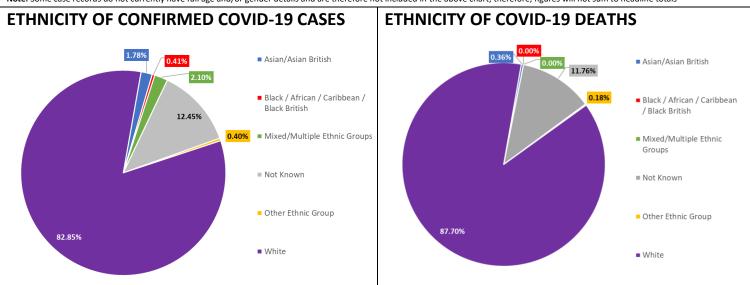
| total number of COVID-19 cases (Pillar 1+2)  10,165  number of COVID-19 cases this week (Pillar 1+2)  174 |  | total tests per 100K population 48,793 |  | total number of registered COVID-19 deaths to 27 <sup>th</sup> November  563 |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|   |  | tests per 100K population              | tests per 100K population this week  2,400 |  | number of COVID-19 deaths registered this week (ending 27 <sup>th</sup><br>November) |  |
|   |  | 2,400                                  |  |  |  |  |
| 7-DAY POSITIVITY OF COVID-19 TESTS  2.3%  |  |  |  | 7-DAY CONFIRMED COVID-19 INFECTION RATES <sup>1</sup>                        |  |  |
| Confirmed Cases by Wirral Ward (7-days to 03/12/20)*  |  |  |  | Wirral   | <b>53.7</b> /100,000 infection rate <sup>1</sup>                                     |  |
| Ward  | Latest week (number of case  | s) Direction from<br>Previous Week     | Rate per 100,000                           | Merseyside   | <b>83.6</b> /100,000   |  |
| Pensby & Thingwall  | 15   | Decrease ▼                             | 114.7                                      |  | infection rate <sup>1</sup>  |  |
| Birkenhead & Tranmere   | 14   | Increase A                             | 83.8                                       |  |  |  |
| Claughton   | 13   | Decrease 🔻                             | 90.0                                       |  | 400 0 /400 000   |  |
| Bidston & St. James   | 12   | No Change —                            | 74.2                                       | North West   | <b>133.3</b> /100,000  |  |
| Liscard   | 11   | Increase 🔺                             | 68.2                                       |  | infection rate <sup>1</sup>  |  |
| Seacombe  | 9  | Increase 🔺                             | 58.3                                       |  |  |  |
| Rock Ferry  | 9  | Decrease 🔻                             | 61.4                                       |  |  |  |
| Oxton   | 9  | Increase A                             | 64.7                                       | England  | <b>148.9</b> /100,000  |  |
| New Brighton  | 9  | Decrease V                             | 59.5<br>63.5                               |  | infection rate <sup>1</sup>  |  |
| Clatterbridge<br>Bebington  | 9  | Decrease V                             | 57.3                                       |  | iniection rate   |  |
| West Kirby & Thurstaston  | 7  | Decrease V                             | 55.4                                       |  |  |  |
| Upton   | 7  | Decrease V                             | 41.5                                       |  |  |  |
| Greasby, Frankby & Irby   | 6  | Decrease V                             | 43.8                                       |  |  |  |
| Eastham   | 6  | Decrease 🔻                             | 42.4                                       |  |  |  |
| Prenton   | 5  | Decrease 🔻                             | 33.9                                       | National Rank  | 293rd <sup>2</sup>   |  |
| Hoylake & Meols   | 5  | Decrease 🔻                             | 37.5                                       |  | - <del></del>  |  |
| Bromborough   | < 5  | Decrease 🔻                             | 30.8                                       |  |  |  |
| Leasowe & Moreton East  | < 5  | Decrease 🔻                             | 33.4                                       |  |  |  |
| Wallasey  | <5   | Decrease V                             | 34.0                                       | Previous   | 279th²   |  |
| Moreton West & Saughall Massie<br>Heswall   | <5<br><5   | Increase V                             | 35.5<br>38.2                               |  | 213H1  |  |
| neswali   |  | Decrease 🔻                             | 30.2                                       | Week's Rank  |  |  |
| Note: Numbers of cases are incomple   | 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 ete and subject to variability due to enfirmed cases may not be directly c | delays in uploading cases data i       |  |  |  |  |

### The weekly Coronavirus (COVID-19) surveillance report for Wirral

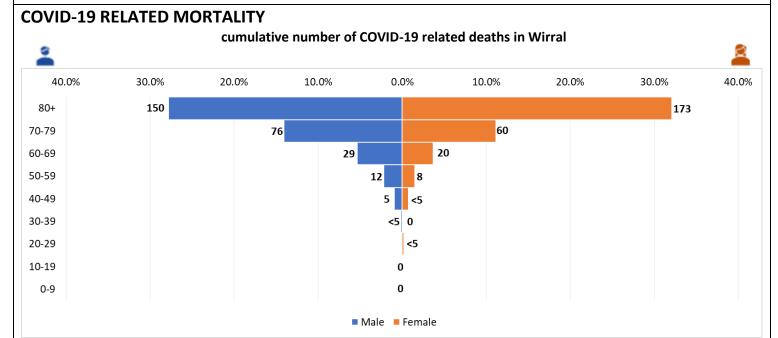
#### Week ending: Friday 4th December 2020



<sup>2</sup>median age is the middle value in a range - half of the cases are younger than this age and half are older (all persons) **Note:** Some case records do not currently have full age and/or gender details and are therefore not included in the above chart; therefore, figures will not sum to headline totals



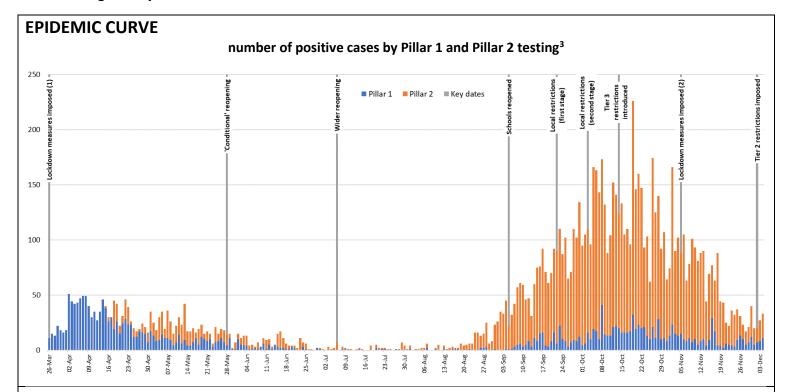
Note: These data are analysed using the cumulative confirmed cases and COVID-19 related deaths in Wirral



Note: The above data has followed the methodology of the PHE indicator for 'Deaths within 28 days of a positive COVID-19 test' since reporting for week ending 30th October and is therefore not comparable to reports prior to that week. The figures are still derived using a local live data source and so will therefore not exactly match the number of deaths officially reported by the Office for National Statistics or the PHE Coronavirus Tracker.

## The weekly Coronavirus (COVID-19) surveillance report for Wirral

### Week ending: Friday 4th December 2020



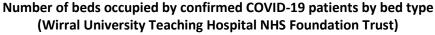
<sup>3</sup>The most recent week is a partial week and only data from more than five days ago can be considered complete

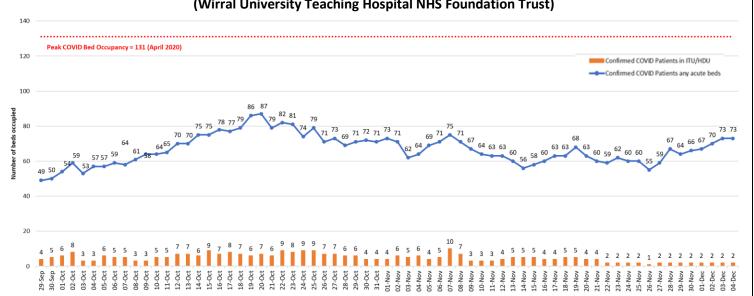
The data are shown by the date the specimen was taken

To allow data to be seen accurately, the chart only shows data from the date lock down measures were imposed (23 March 2020); this includes the peak of the first wave (April 2020) Pillar 1 data is for swab testing in PHE labs and NHS hospitals for those with a clinical need as well as staff

Pillar 2 data is for swab testing for the wider population, as set out in government guidance

#### **HOSPITALISED COVID-19 CASES**





Note: The peak date for hospital occupancy was in April 2020 with 131 confirmed COVID-19 patients in beds (peak number of ICU beds occupied by COVID-19 patients was 9 in the 'first wave', which was surpassed on 7<sup>th</sup> November (n=10)). It should also be noted that the ITU/HDU beds (orange) are a subset of 'any acute beds' (blue), e.g. on 9<sup>th</sup> October there 64 beds occupied by COVID-19 confirmed patients, 3 of these were in ITU/HDU beds.